NUCLEAR MEDICINE

PAPER – IV

NM/J/17/24/IV

Time: 3 hoursMax. Marks: 100

Important instructions:

- Attempt all questions in order.
- Each question carries 10 marks.
- Read the question carefully and answer to the point neatly and legibly.
- Do not leave any blank pages between two answers.
- Indicate the question number correctly for the answer in the margin space.
- Answer all the parts of a single question together.
- Start the answer to a question on a fresh page or leave adequate space between two answers.
- Draw table/diagrams/flowcharts wherever appropriate.

Write short notes on:

| 1. | Role of Nuclear Medicine in movement disorders. | 10 |
|----|---|-------|
| 2. | a) CZT detectorsb) SiPMT | 5+5 |
| 3. | a) If a thyroid cancer patient dies in your isolation ward room after receiving 200mCi of Iodine-131, 48 hours after administration, how would handle the situation?b) The duties and responsibilities of RSO. | 5+5 |
| 4. | a) Cardiac flow reserve assessment. b) Cardiac dyssynchrony. c) Adriamycin induced cardiotoxicity assessment. d) ⁸²Rb PET imaging. | 2.5x4 |
| 5. | Role of Nuclear Medicine in the management of metastatic castration resistant prostate cancer (MCRPC). | 10 |
| 6. | a) ICRP b) MIRD c) NCRP d) AERB | 2.5x4 |
| 7. | a) Delay and Decay Tank b) eLORA c) Radiopharmacy Committee d) Quality Control of Radionuclide generators | 2.5x4 |
| 8. | a) Compare and contrast the PET/MR vs PET/CT.b) The need of PET/MR in India- PET/MR is luxury or bare necessity. | 6+4 |

NUCLEAR MEDICINE

PAPER – IV

| 9. | a) TENIS syndrome | 2.5x4 | | |
|----------|---|-------|--|--|
| | b) Hand foot syndrome | | | |
| | c) Haemopoeitic toxicity of ¹³¹ I therapy. | | | |
| | d) 99mTc - HYNIC-TOC Vs 68 Ga DOTA-NOC in NET | | | |
| | | | | |
| 10. | Imaging features of: | 3+3+4 | | |
| | a) Atypical carcinoid | | | |
| | | | | |
| | b) Glucagonoma | | | |
| | c) Insulinoma | | | |
| ******** | | | | |
| | | | | |